### The warc guide

## Marketing in the COVID-19 recession

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# In this sample report

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Why this recession is different, why the standard advice to 'keep advertising' may not apply, and how brands are responding

3. 10 actions to take right now How to plan past the lockdown into recession

#### **<u>4. Early lessons from China</u>** The shape of recovery so far

5. Opportunities for growth Emerging trends brands can act on as the recession unfolds

#### Why it matters

As COVID-19 triggers a deep economic downturn, marketers around the world are faced with some tough strategic choices.

The lessons from previous recessions are clear – that the most effective approach is to maintain investment, build your brand and reap the reward in recovery.

That may be the case for some brands this time round. But it's increasingly clear that for many others, the advice is academic. Maintaining spend is not an option. The recession is so sharp that major budget cuts are inevitable for brands in a host of hard-hit sectors. And because it is driven by a pandemic, rather than an economic event, the impact is felt in supply as well as demand – in short, many brands are unable to service any demand their marketing might stimulate.

This sample report showcases some of the best thinking from across the industry on navigating the post-lockdown period.

<u>The full report presents</u> marketers with more relevant frameworks and actionable ideas based on the position of their brand – and offers examples of how major marketers are already putting plans into practice.



## Takeaways

1: The pandemic has caused a **demand and supply shock** – brands in many sectors no longer have a product to advertise, and cannot meet the 'classic' recessionary advice to keep spending.

2: Media spend and costs have fallen sharply across all channels as many categories turn off adspend. Companies in sectors like FMCG, however, are not cutting back as their sales hold firm.

3: Brands that have to 'go dark' should **use other levers to maintain visibility**, such as first-party data, customer experience and PR. 4: The most challenged sectors might come back by advertising like a start-up, with a focus on activation spend in the initial stages.

5: Brands will need to review what worked in the lockdown and develop a **clear playbook for future outbreaks**.

6: The early signs from China are that the recovery will be tentative, with **a significant** 'normalization' period. Brands require flexibility in terms of media outlay, and should consider how packaging, delivery and service can reassure customers.

### 7: The shift to e-commerce is likely to be permanent.

'Digital transformation', such as online services and subscriptions, will continue apace. Brands will also need to reckon with more powerful online marketplaces.

8: Pack size is a key lever to consider. Brands such as Procter & Gamble and Hershey are reassessing pack size as they seek to avoid pure discounting.

9: Other brands can find opportunities in a 'close-tohome' strategy, or by taking steps to support struggling consumers or SMEs. Marketing in the COVID-19 recession

## 1. The playbook for 'normal' recessions



"Companies that increase marketing spend in a recession <u>recover three times faster</u> in 'normal' times. Similarly, B2B companies that maintain or increase spend in a recession achieve higher growth both during the recession and for three years after."

Tony Hillier and Marilyn Baxter **PIMS** 

#### Marketing in a recession: the evidence so far

A <u>significant body of</u> <u>research studies</u> – drawn together over the course of almost a century – suggest that significantly reducing adspend in a recession has negative outcomes for brands.

Various studies indicate that cutting too hard has long-term impact in terms of sales, market share, growth and return on investment. Companies that maintain investment recover more quickly.

#### Five marketing lessons from previous recessions



Marketing in the COVID-19 recession

## 2. Recession 2020: What we know so far



"This recession probably will be much sharper and deeper than most previous recessions and the shape of the recovery is unusually hard to predict. Telling advertisers to 'invest for the recovery' may grate if they are fighting for their very survival and there is no recovery in sight"

Les Binet Group Head of Effectiveness, adam&eveDDB

#### <u>A "reverse</u> <u>square root"</u> <u>recession?</u>

The COVID-19 recession is the first pandemic-driven downturn of the modern era.

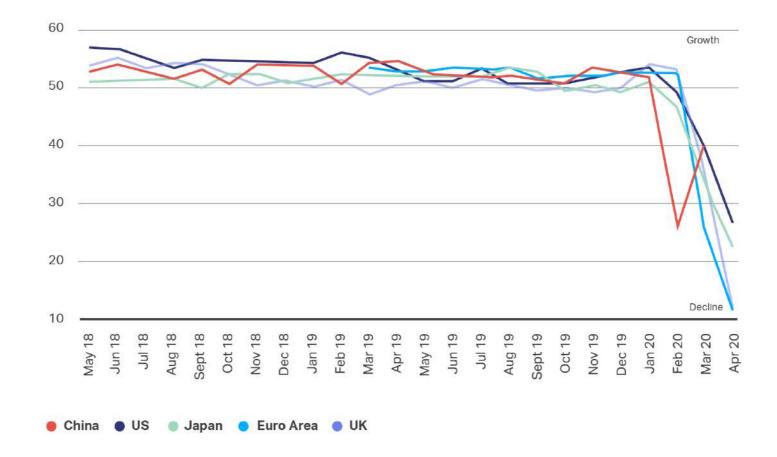
It is a healthcare crisis, leading to a severe economic slump.

That also makes the shape of the recovery hard to predict, as consequences of the lockdown become apparent and there is risk of further outbreaks.

Sir Martin Sorrell predicts a "reverse square root" recession – a sharp downturn, a partial bounceback then a plateau.

#### The lockdowns caused a sharp downturn

Purchasing Managers' Index (services)



Note: A value above 50 indicates growth, a value below 50 indicates decline. Larger/smaller values signal severity. April data are flash results. Source: IHS Market Purchasing Manager's Index

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## A demand AND supply-side shock

The 2020 downturn is set to be a demand and supply-side shock, caused first by lockdown and then <u>by critical</u> <u>value chain components</u> <u>breaking down</u>, particularly in China, leading to disruption in product and service delivery.

This matters because a brand's response may be determined by whether it is more exposed to a drop in demand or a problem in supply. Brandgym advises brands to explore strategies to address not just demand but supply as well. This begs the question, should a brand maintain advertising if it has little or no product availability? Commentators such as <u>Sir Martin Sorrell</u> argue this is poor practice.

Gartner advises brands to <u>be</u> <u>transparent about the supply</u> <u>chain</u> and product availability to build trust with consumers, and avoid an unsatisfactory brand experience. Brands should explore strategies to address demand and supply

Recession-proofing tips	Applicable to 'demand' shock	Applicable to 'supply' shock
Focus on the core	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Image: A second s</li></ul>
Sharpen brand positioning	✓	
Cut costs, not corners	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>
Deliver meaningful value	✓	<ul> <li>Image: A second s</li></ul>
Boost physical availability (on e-shelf too)	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>
Every bit of the brand must 'sell'	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	
Have courage to cut through	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	
Share the pain	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	

Source: "Eight tips on recession-proof branding," Remona Duquesne, WARC Guide, May 2020

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#### **Brand example**

### Domino's adapts ads and boosts spend to win in delivery

Domino's, the restaurant chain, <u>is continuing to invest</u> <u>in advertising</u> despite the challenges facing its industry as a result of COVID-19.

A Kantar study of food-delivery ads in the US from February 2 to April 11, showed Domino's as the top spender overall, with a 9.7% year-on-year increase in expenditure to \$80.1 million.

Even as stores operate under limitation and many consumers are faced with lockdowns, Domino's believes that ensuring its voice is heard is vital to its business prospects. The advertising battleground in the fast-food industry is shifting to delivery, meaning Domino's is trying to win in this area. The company is focusing its messaging on food safety and hygiene, reflecting consumer concerns.

From creating contactless delivery models and drive-up carry-out systems to implementing social-distancing protocols in restaurants and across the supply chain the company has transformed its ways of working.



#### Marketing in the COVID-19 recession

## **3. Recession 2020:** actions to take now



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#### How to plan past the lockdowns

As lockdown measures are lifted and the recession takes hold, here are the key actions to take to help brands rebound.

The actions vary depending on a company's resources, and if operating in a boom or bust category.

All brands, regardless of the state of play should aim to help, be customer-led, understand changes in spending behaviours, monitor consumer insights and spend wisely.

#### 10 actions to take now



Action 2

<u>Keep</u> <u>advertising</u>, <u>if you can</u>

As shown earlier, prior evidence suggests that firms that maintain advertising spend in a recession fare better.

Marketing consultant Peter Field <u>offers six tips</u> <u>for those firms that are</u> fortunate enough to be in a position to keep advertising.

#### Peter Field's six tips for brands that can maintain spend



#### Adapt adspend approach by sector outlook

This chart outlines the winning and losing categories in the COVID-19 recession, according to marketing professor <u>Gerard J. Tellis</u>.

The lockdown is reducing demand by 10% or 20%. For some categories the shock has brought demand down to zero.

The advice to keep advertising won't apply to all brands. Those hardest hit will focus on saving jobs and business continuity.

#### Winning and Losing Categories in the Covid-19 Recession

Winners: A	Losers: B	
<ul> <li>Pharmaceuticals</li> <li>Medication and protective equipment (PPE) manufacturers</li> <li>Home exercise equipment</li> <li>Carry out food providers</li> <li>Home office equipment makers</li> <li>Alcoholic beverage makers</li> <li>Casual and relaxed fashion</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Restaurants</li> <li>Sports stadiums, concert halls</li> <li>Museums</li> <li>Gyms</li> <li>Parks, beaches, recreation areas</li> <li>Physical schools and universities, especially private</li> <li>Real estate owners and services</li> <li>Formalwear</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Online Retailers</li> <li>Online grocers</li> <li>Networking software service and hardware providers</li> <li>Streaming service providers</li> <li>News and entertainment services</li> <li>Telecommunications</li> <li>Cleanliness products</li> <li>Online education</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Cruises</li> <li>Tourist service providers</li> <li>Oil producers and distributors</li> <li>Manufacturers of gasoline engine autos and trucks</li> <li>Mass transit service and equipment providers</li> <li>Brick and mortar retailers</li> <li>Movie theatres</li> </ul>	

#### Ad strategy for winners and losers

According to Tellis, winning companies in category 1A (per previous chart) should increase advertising, not only because of its lower price and the lower noise but also to catch surge in demand. Likewise those in Group 2A can fruitfully increase advertising.

Firms in Group 2B face the greatest challenge. They need to think of creative ways to redirect their resources to serve the changed needs of consumers in the short and long term.

#### Advertising Strategy for Winners and Losers from Covid-19 Recession

	Winners: A	Losers: B	
Short Term: 1	Increase advertising opportunistically.	Redesign product and service portfolio. Then advertise selectively.	
Short & Long Term: 2	Increase advertising strategically building brand for long term.	Radically redesign product portfolio and service. Advertise selectively.	

#### Action 3

## If you have to reduce adspend, use other levers to remain visible

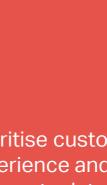
Reducing adspend over long periods is not advisable, but brands that have to go dark for a period should still aim for visibility using other levers.

Using first-party data to stay in touch with existing customers and prospects is one way.

MarketScience conducted an economic analysis of the last five major recessions and the evidence suggests companies that <u>focus on customer</u> <u>experience</u> win during, and after, downturns. The advice is to prioritise satisfaction. Owned assets, including packaging, can be employed; websites, maps listings and social are <u>becoming primary</u> <u>points of customer contact</u>.

Other levers include PR and partnerships – for example, with influencers or organisations where there is a good value exchange.

Prioritising key seasons is also another way to focus limited resources. Brands in survival mode are advised to make cuts in <u>off-peak periods</u>.



Prioritise customer experience and tap first-party data

## 2

Use owned assets to communicate crucial information



Consider PR and partnerships to generate earned media



Focus limited resources on key selling seasons

#### Action 8

#### <u>Audit your</u> <u>e-commerce</u> <u>capability</u>

E-commerce may double its share of total retail, making this a priority area for brands in most categories.

According to Publicis Sapient's <u>David Carr</u>, trust is vital in e-commerce, not just in the brand but in the endto-end experience.

Build trust by reassuring people on product availability and the safety of manufacturing capabilities.

Enable product availability checks online/offline via online shopping tools through partnerships with retail partners. The 5 P inventory of brand and business

#### Take an honest inventory of brand and business Set yourself up for success

#### Retailers are answering consumer expectations for a frictionless experience. Brands are not. They are being forced to adapt

Product	Pack & Price	Proposition	People	Place
Brand strengths and weakness assessment	<ul> <li>Is this pack/product designed and tested for</li> </ul>	• What does my brand stand for? What is my message to	• Who am I talking to?	<ul> <li>Is this an Amazon/ eRetailer exclusive product?</li> </ul>
	eComm? Costs/shipping	consumers?	Is it the same person on	
<ul> <li>Do I have any issues with</li> </ul>	considered? Pack and run rate		every platform I sell on?	<ul> <li>What are the category</li> </ul>
performance or user	on the product figured into the	<ul> <li>What is my campaign plan</li> </ul>		dynamics on Amazon, Walmart
experience?	equation?	for the year?	How and what do they shop in eCommerce?	etc? How am I addressing trends?
<ul> <li>Am I launching a new</li> </ul>	Am I Amazon Retail Ready?	<ul> <li>Are my messages and</li> </ul>		
ASIN(s) or a new brand (to		images consistent in all	Are we using customer data	<ul> <li>How will this product relate to</li> </ul>
Amazon or to the world)?	<ul> <li>What is my pricing and promotion strategy vs rest of</li> </ul>	marketplaces and all brands?	to ensure we message and offer the right things at the	Brick and Mortar (if applicable)?
<ul> <li>Who are my competitors in</li> </ul>	category and other	<ul> <li>Can we use the scale and</li> </ul>	right time to the right people?	<ul> <li>Why would a customer shop</li> </ul>
Brick and Mortar and are	marketplaces?	targeting of Walmart and		on Amazon vs Brand.com or
they the same on Amazon and eCommerce?		Amazon to ensure 360° and reinforcing our calendar?		Brick and Mortar vs Click and Collect? Where should I focus my efforts?

Source: "Something old, something new: What can brands do in e-commerce during this recession" David Carr, WARC Guide, May 2020

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4. Early lessons from China





#### <u>Nike's four-stage</u> <u>model for</u> <u>recovery in</u> <u>China</u>

<u>Nike,</u> the sportswear company, has outlined four stages to the crisis in China that can help other brands plan, particularly those with retail outlets.

It is significant because, like Coca-Cola's plan on the next slide, it anticipates a significant period of 'normalization' before a period of economic stability returns.

#### Nike's four-phase response to COVID-19

#### 1. Containment 2. Recovery **Cautious transition** • Shut stores to protect employees and public to opening stores, • Shifted to online - It's digital business grew 30% with different regions opening at different • The Nike Training Club app grew 80% vs. the previous quarter times • It offered it's \$14.99 training app free for 90 days **3.** Normalization 4. Return to growth A greater focus on a seamless digital/ Up to 80% of stores physical experience are now opened Nike is investing in its direct-to-consumer proposition, and finding ways to connect its online and mobile hubs with physical retail

"We will follow the strategy that has proved successful before the pandemic, adjusted with greater focus on channels and packages that will have traction as the new normal unfolds."

James Quincey CEO, Coca-Cola

## Flexibility is required as media consumption shifts again

Post-lockdown, media habits are changing again, meaning marketers should retain a degree of flexibility in their media plans

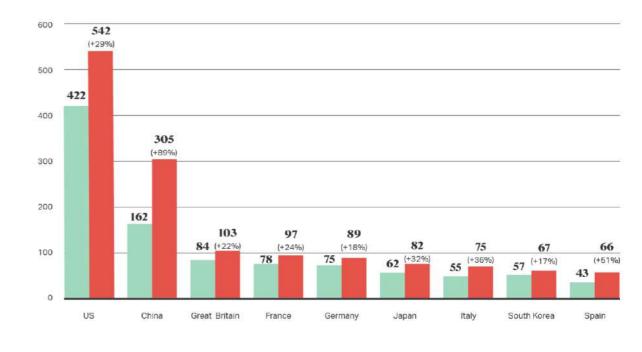
The largest increases in the share of time spent online during lockdown were in gaming and short video.

<u>Havas China advises</u> that digital will remain central. But less time will be devoted to entertainment than in the beginning as more consumers return to work. Online video, social, and news content will be key during normalization. For outdoor ads, the rebound will be primarily in commuting routes, residential areas, and elevator areas.

Brands are also starting to reconfigure digital initiatives around e-commerce. For example, Friso China registered new customers into its CRM program through ecommerce incentives (discount coupons), and Lenovo started advertising directly on relevant JD.com search pages.

#### Global, Gaming app downloads during COVID-19

Millions and % change, before/after the day of 200th case



30 days before 😑 30 days after

Note: Chinese data is Apple App Store only, all other markets include Google Play Source: Sensor Tower, Data Digest Q1 2020 WARC

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## 5. Opportunities for future growth



"Marketing is swiftly moving beyond branding and communications to providing business solutions that address people's needs... We're taking on a new leadership role, connecting multiple disciplines within the organization to accelerate programs that make a difference in our communities and people's lives."

## COVID-19 is accelerating the need for digital transformation

Many of the trends caused or accelerated by COVID-19 require the rewiring of companies around data and digital services – in other words, 'digital transformation'.

A framework by PwC highlights five important functions that are interacting in the current environment:

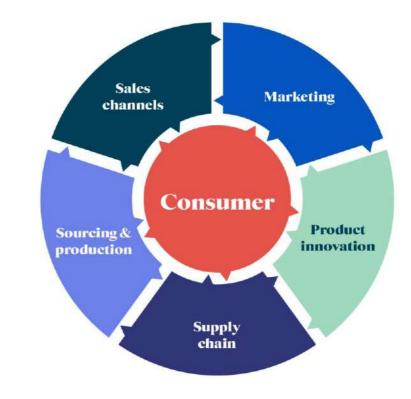
- 1. Product innovation
- 2. Supply chain
- 3. Sourcing and production
- 4. Sales channels
- 5. Marketing

CEOs are more likely to invest in these areas in recession as investors push for radical steps.

This is a major topic for senior marketers interviewed by the <u>CMO Growth Council</u> – a joint venture from the ANA and Cannes Lions – to identify best practices in response to COVID-19.

**Implication:** At a time of significant consumer change, there is an opportunity for CMOs to play a leading role in interpreting those changes and acting as 'superconnectors' between internal functions.

Digital transformation of new retail value chain



Source: PwC WARC Guide to Structuring for Effectiveness, April 2020

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## Contributors to the full WARC Guide

Navigating COVID-19: survival, adaptation and recovery

Les Binet adam&eveDDB

Advertising during the Covid-19 recession

**Gerald J Tellis** Professor of American Enterprise at USC Marshall School of Business

<u>"You can't spend your way</u> out of this recession"

Sir Martin Sorrell S4 Capital

Eight tips on recessionproof branding

**Remona Duquesne** Brandgym Brands in a time of crisis: finding your role in unusual times

**Oliver Feldwick** The &Partnership

How should brands advertise during COVID-19?

Orlando Wood System1

Something old, something new: What can brands do in e-commerce during this recession

**David Carr** Publicis Sapient

Every brand should be looking for opportunities to grow during this recession

Brian Wieser GroupM Pricing in a recession: four factors for setting strategy

Fiona McAnena Clearhound

<u>The challenger's guide to</u> <u>finding opportunity out of</u> <u>volatility</u>

Nick Geoghegan eatbigfish

Navigating brand communication in challenging times

**Graham Page** Affectiva

Five mindsets for times of economic uncertainty

Laura Hurst The Foundation

## Contributors to the full WARC Guide

More Than Trading Down: <u>How Consumers Really</u> <u>Shop and Buy During</u> <u>a Recession</u>

**J Walker Smith** Kantar Futures

<u>Recession proofing brands</u> <u>across all time horizons –</u> <u>the short, mid and long</u> <u>term</u>

**Chris Reitermann** Ogilvy Asia and Greater China

Six key lessons for CPG brands and retailers from the last recession

**Joan Driggs** IRI Four lessons for the Western world on B2C marketing in COVID-19 from China

Danielle Bailey Gartner

New consumer behaviour in China following Covid-19

**Sami Wong** Group M Research

Brand protection (and rehabilitation) in times of crisis

**Nicolas Jarvis** Jarvis PR Holding onto long-term brand value

**David Haigh** Brand Finance

<u>Opportunity in adversity:</u> <u>four moves for long-term</u> <u>growth</u>

Martin Reeves BCG Henderson Institute

How to win during and after a recession

**David Dixon, Sebastian Shapiro, Nicole Wolf** Marketscience

## More from WARC

What we know about advertising in a recession

WARC best practice March, 2020

Research on advertising in a recession: a critical review and synthesis

#### Gerard J Tellis & Kethan Tellis

Journal of Advertising Research, Vol. 49, No 3, September 2009

Ogilvy on recession: how to get more effective advertising

#### Tim Broadbent et al

WPP Atticus Awards, Winner, 2008 What happens if I stop advertising

WARC Evidence March, 2020

How can I justify the financial value of marketing investment to the board?

WARC Evidence March, 2020 Global Ad Trends: FMCG and COVID-19

WARC Data March, 2020

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## **About WARC**

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At WARC, our purpose is to save the world from ineffective marketing by putting evidence at the heart of every marketing decision.

We believe that effective marketing is based on facts and not opinions.

Since 1985, we've brought confidence to marketing decisions through the most trusted research, case studies, best practice, data and inspiration.

Today, we help 75,000+ marketers across 100+ countries.

Our clients include the world's leading brands, advertising and media agencies, media owners, research companies and universities - including the top-five largest agencies and top-five largest advertisers in the world.

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